Pupil Premium Strategy Statement: Wolverham Primary School



At Wolverham, we want our pupils to be inspired and love learning, to be confident in who they are and to leave us with the skills and knowledge to take on the next stage of their school journey. We are committed to ensuring that every individual pupil is given the best possible chance of making excellent progress and so achieve their full potential. We believe that a 'social disadvantage' must not be allowed to be a barrier to a child's future.

The Pupil Premium Grant is additional funding given to publicly funded schools in England to raise the attainment of disadvantaged pupils and close the gap between them and their peers.

Our primary aim in using the Pupil Premium Grant is to diminish the differences between pupil groups.

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2023 to 2024 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

School overview 2023 - 2024

Detail	Data
School name	Wolverham Primary School
Number of pupils in school	281
	Rec – Y6 - 229
	Pre-school – Y6
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	45%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy	2021-2022
plan covers (3 year plans are recommended)	2022-2023
	2023-2024
Date this statement was published	October 2023
Date on which it will be reviewed	September 2024
Statement authorised by	Governing body
Pupil premium lead	Hollie Davis
Governor / Trustee lead	Rachel Hounslow-Griffiths

Funding overview

2023 - 2024

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	131575
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	13050
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	0
Total budget for this academic year	144625
If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year	

Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

Statement of intent

Our approach for using Pupil Premium and Recovery Premium is based on a tiered approach:

- Investing in high quality teaching
- Targeted academic support
- Wider strategies

At Wolverham, our intention is to ensure all children will be happy and confident learners, achieve their full potential and develop a love of learning. We provide a purposeful, inspiring and inclusive learning environment where children access high quality teaching and learning opportunities. We want all children to leave the school with the essential knowledge and skills that they need for future success.

We have high expectations and ambitions for all of our pupils, including those eligible for pupil premium funding. When creating our PP Strategy, we recognise the importance of considering the context of our school, the starting points of our children and the subsequent challenges faced. We use the EEF Guide (Education Endowment Foundation) to support decisions made in how we invest our Pupil Premium Funding and we base spending decisions on current research and best practice.

Common barriers to learning for disadvantaged pupils can be for different reasons: less support at home, weak language and communication skills, lack of confidence, more frequent behaviour difficulties and attendance and punctuality issues. There may also be complex family situations that prevent children from flourishing. We recognise that the challenges are varied and there is no "one size fits all". As identified by the EFF, we acknowledge that 'good teaching is the most important lever schools have to improve outcomes for disadvantaged students' and we intend to focus heavily on developing the quality of teaching through focused CPD of teachers and strong recruitment processes.

Targeted support is used to narrow gaps and support children to reach their full potential not only academically but through providing wellbeing support to ensure pupils are emotionally ready to learn. This is regularly reviewed to ensure the pupils who need support receive it, and when support is no longer required, another pupil can benefit from this.

A further barrier for our disadvantaged pupils is their lack of wider experiences (cultural capital) and therefore we aim to maximise opportunities to provide such experiences through both our curriculum design and wider school offer. We recognise the importance of strong

home-school links and aim to work with parents to form a partnership so that parents are fully involved in encouraging and supporting their child's progress.

Our ultimate objectives are:

- > To narrow the attainment gap between disadvantaged and non-disadvantaged pupils
- For all disadvantaged pupils in school to make or exceed nationally expected progress rates
- > To support our children's health and wellbeing to enable them to access learning at an appropriate level

We aim to do this through:

- Ensuring that teaching and learning opportunities meet the needs of all the pupils by providing appropriate adaptations and levels of support
- Ensuring that appropriate provision is made for pupils who belong to vulnerable groups - this includes ensuring that the needs of socially disadvantaged pupils are adequately assessed and addressed
- When making provision for socially disadvantaged pupils, we recognise that not all pupils who receive free school meals will be socially disadvantaged
- We also recognise that not all pupils who are socially disadvantaged are registered or qualify for free school meals
- Pupil premium funding will be allocated following a needs analysis which will identify priority classes, groups or individuals

The range of provision we consider making for this group include:

- Ensuring all teaching is good or better thus ensuring that the quality of teaching experienced by all children is improved
- Reducing class sizes for larger classes through the use of additional provision (Willows for Y5 and Y6) thus improving opportunities for effective teaching and accelerating progress
- To allocate a Teaching Assistant to each class providing small group work focussed on overcoming gaps in learning including fluid same-day intervention and targeted intervention daily
- 1-1 support
- All our work through the pupil premium will be aimed at accelerating progress, moving children to at least age-related expectations
- Support payment for activities, educational visits and residential. Ensuring children have first-hand experiences to use in their learning in the classroom.
- Behaviour support

This list is not exhaustive and will change according to the needs and support our socially disadvantaged pupils require.

Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Narrowing the attainment gap in maths and writing in KS1
2	Narrowing the attainment gap in maths and writing in KS2
3	Attainment gap in children achieving greater depth
4	Narrowing the attainment gap in the phonics check in KS1
5	Attendance and punctuality for disadvantaged pupils is not yet in line with national standards
6	Some home learning environments lack support for pupils' communication and literacy skills
7	Some pupils have limited life experiences
8	Pupils may not have acquired the necessary thinking skills to process and organise information
9	Barriers to learning which may be related to SEND (Special Educational Needs and Disabilities) or SEMH (Social Emotional Mental Health).
10	Some pupils are not emotionally ready to access learning. They can struggle to find strategies to work through emotions
11	Some families may struggle to finance wider school opportunities that support understanding in different subject areas

Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
Disadvantaged pupils who are not on track to meet their age-related expectation by the end of KS2 will make accelerated progress. The gap	 Achieve at least national progress scores in KS2 reading, writing and maths with the aim to achieve higher
between their expected attainment level and current attainment level will close.	 Gap will close in progress made between PP and non PP

Increase overlearning and reinforcement in reading and maths at home and school	 Increase in reading ages and mental maths scores increase for all pupils
Improved reading, writing and maths attainment for all pupils at the end of KS2, particularly those identified as disadvantaged.	The percentage of disadvantaged pupils attaining at least expected standard in KS2 SATs will be in line with the percentage of non-disadvantaged pupils attaining at least expected standard; where a child has complex SEND needs, they will make progress towards their long term EHCP targets.
Pupils access a wide range of interventions to meet their learning needs and gaps in knowledge	 As the children's learning needs are analysed and addressed, PP pupils make at least expected progress or exceed the targets set
Achieve and sustain improved attendance and punctuality, particularly for those identified as disadvantaged	Percentage attendance and punctuality rates of identified PP pupils increases and the gap between PP and no PP narrows
	 Improved attendance for those identified will be noted and evaluated using or including CPOMs records Attendance letters Attendance reports
Achieve and sustain improved mental wellbeing for all pupils in school, particularly those identified as disadvantaged	Improved wellbeing for those identified will be evaluated using different tools and resources: Pupil Voice Staff Voice Parent voice Feedback from Family Link Workers Feedback from Passion for Learning staff Feedback of impact of Wellbeing Wednesdays Reduced incidents of heightened anxiety as logged on CPOMS (Child Protection Online Management System) Reduced incidents of heightened behaviours due to emotions as logged on CPOMS
All children, including those eligible for pupil premium will be settled and secure in school	Pupils will have their emotional needs met and will be happy and ready to engage and learn
Disadvantaged learners will become more secure in reading, writing and mathematics in Year 2	The percentage of disadvantaged pupils working at the expected level in mathematics, writing and reading will increase from the current position

Achieve and sustain improved attendance particularly for those who have historical low attendance and are disadvantaged

Increase the percentage of disadvantaged pupils who have above 95% attendance

Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £51, 491

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Quality First Teaching across all classes	The best available evidence indicates that great teaching is the most important lever schools have to improve pupil attainment. Ensuring every teacher is supported in delivering high-quality teaching is essential to achieving the best outcomes for all pupils, particularly the most disadvantaged among them. EEF High Quality Teaching	1, 2, 3, 7, 8
Teaching and support staff reorganised to allow more targeted support of pupils in years 5 and 6. (Staffing cost combined) £41, 741	We have analysed the needs of our year 5 and 6 cohort and have identified that making a small group of pupils with identified needs and catering for them would allow teachers to increase the amount of attention each child will receive. Reducing class size is an approach to managing the ratio between pupils and teachers, as it is suggested that the range of approaches a teacher can employ and the amount of attention each student will receive will increase as the number of pupils per teacher becomes smaller. EEF Reducing Class Size	2, 8, 9
CPD opportunities for all subject leads: Subject leader training for curriculum subject leads CPD LA English and maths £300 Ruth Swailes £1800	'Good teaching is the most important lever schools have to improve outcomes for disadvantaged pupils. Using the Pupil Premium to improve teaching quality benefits all students and has a particularly positive effect on children eligible for the Pupil Premium. While the Pupil Premium is provided as a different grant from core funding, this financial split shouldn't create	1, 2, 4, 6

National College £1600	an artificial separation form whole class teaching.' EEF Guide to Pupil Premium 2023	
All pupils can evidence that they know more and remember more in all subjects, embedding concepts in their long term memory. Teachers promote opportunities for discussion and check pupil understanding routinely and systematically in all lessons — use of Flashback Four at the start of each lesson Memory joggers for some foundation subjects are used to support pupils to know more and remember more Memory joggers are adapted for SEND pupils and tailored to their needs and learning	Subject matter is broken into blocks or units with predetermined objectives and specified outcomes. A high level of success should be required before pupils move on to new content – it is crucial to monitor and communicate pupil progress and to provide additional support for pupils that take longer to reach the required level of knowledge. EEF Mastery Learning	6, 7, 8, 9
Enhancement of our maths teaching and curriculum planning in line with DfE and EEF guidance £1000 Staff CPD from Maths Lead Subject Leader time £600	After analysis of Power Maths at the end of last year, it was agreed that a new approach was required where staff can target objectives in small steps with a focus on varied fluency, reasoning and problem solving. Use of White Rose long term plan and teaching steps with supplements from NRich, First For Maths and 'I See Reasoning.' EEF Improving Mathematics in the Early Years and KS1 EEF Improving Mathematics in KS2	1, 2, 8, 9
Consistent use of DfE validated Systematic Synthetic Phonics	Phonics approaches have a strong evidence base that indicates a positive impact on the	4, 9

programme. Deliver Little	accuracy of word reading, particularly for	
Wandle Phonics and	the disadvantaged.	
Early Reading in EYFS,		
KS1 and struggling	"Early literacy approaches typically increase	
achievers in KS2 (Rapid	children's learning by about four months.	
Catch-up).	Approaches that develop literacy skills and	
£850	knowledge can have an important effect on	
	early reading. The evidence for the positive	
	impact of early literacy approaches is	
Training and support for	extensive.	
all staff and for parents	extensive.	
Subject leader time (1	Careful monitoring of progress in reading is	
hour per day)	particularly important to target approaches	
£2500	effectively. For example, moving from	
	knowledge of letter names and sounds to	
	early phonics."	
	EEF Early Literacy Approaches	
Implementation of new	Effective social and emotional learning (SEL)	6, 7, 9, 10
resource to teach PSHE:	can increase positive pupil behaviour,	, , ,
Kapow	mental health and well-being, and academic	
£350 (for scheme)	performance.	
£150 (for books)	It atwasses this is associally increast and for	
	It stresses this is especially important for	
Subject Leader time	children from disadvantaged backgrounds	
£600	and other vulnerable groups, who, on	
	average, have weaker SEL skills at all ages	
Chaff husining	than their better-off classmates.	
Staff training		
	Evidence from the EEF's Teaching and	
	Learning Toolkit suggests that effective SEL	
	can lead to learning gains of +4 months over	
	the course of a year.	
	EEF Social and Emotional Learning	

Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions) Budgeted cost: £62318

Welcomm £142 x 39 = £5538, SALT interventions £8560, KS1 reading intervention £180 x 39 = £7020, residential visits (Y2 £2000, Y4 £2700, Y5 £2000, Y6 £4000)

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Tutoring clubs for Maths and Writing (focused on PP children)	We know from a wide body of evidence that targeted academic support can have a positive impact on learning, particularly	1, 2, 6

	for those Pupil Premium pupils who are not making good progress. Considering how classroom teachers and teaching assistants can provide targeted academic support—including through structured small-group interventions that link to classroom teaching and the curriculum—is an essential part of an effective Pupil Premium strategy. EEF Guide to Pupil Premium	
Pupil Progress meetings track progress of PP pupils and appropriate, timely interventions are put in place £500	Targeted deployment, where teaching assistants are trained to deliver an intervention to small groups or individuals has a higher impact. It is particularly important to ensure that when pupils are receiving support from a teaching assistant, this supplements teaching but does not reduce the amount of high-quality interactions they have with their classroom teacher both in and out-of-class. The average impact of the deployment of teaching assistants is about an additional four months' progress over the course of a year. EEF Teaching Assistant Interventions	1, 2, 8, 9
Keep Up Phonics – Little Wandle Scheme	"All children appear to benefit from early literacy approaches, but there is some evidence that certain strategies, particularly those involving targeted small group interaction, may have particularly positive effects on children from disadvantaged backgrounds" EEF Early Literacy Approaches	4, 6
Wider resources: 1:1 iPads for more classes (focused reading using Read Theory, Doodle Maths, TT Rockstars, Learning by Questions) £12 000	"Technology has the potential to increase the quality and quantity of practice that pupils undertake, both inside and outside of the classroom. Some forms of technology can also enable teachers to adapt practice effectively, for example by increasing the challenge of questions as pupils succeed or by providing new contexts in which students are required to apply new skills."	2, 8, 9, 11

	EEE Heing Digital Tachnology To Immers	
	EEF Using Digital Technology To Improve Learning	
TA delivers interventions 0.4 days a week to pupils identified as in need Speech and language therapist supports SALT TA to plan and deliver speech interventions £18000 Lego Therapy Speech and language Social skills	 EEF – oral language interventions consistently show positive impact on learning. High quality small group interventions Specialist therapists will train up staff they work with in school, therefore upskilling them and increasing their knowledge. Proven interventions are used, with evidence supporting the development in social skills, speech and language, behaviour and mental health. EEF – social and emotional learning – improves interaction with others and self - management of emotions – impacts on attitudes to learning and social relationships in school, which increases progress in attainment. 	1,2,4,6,9
	EEF Oral Language Interventions	
Programme Face to face tutoring sessions for small groups of up to 6 pupils (Year 6) will be offered in maths and writing for identified pupils x1 per week for Autumn term. (14 weeks)	EEF (+4) According to thee EEF: 1. Small group tuition has an average impact of four months' additional progress over the course of a year 2. Small group tuition is most likely to be effective if it is targeted at pupils' specific needs. Diagnostic assessment can be used to assess the best way to target support. 3. One to one tuition and small group tuition are both effective interventions. However, the cost effectiveness of teaching in small groups indicates that greater use of this approach may be worthwhile. 4. Additional small group support can be effectively targeted at pupils from disadvantaged backgrounds, and should be considered as part of a school's	
WellComm speech and language intervention (preschool within play specific targets)	There is consistent evidence that reading to young children, and encouraging them to answer questions and talk about the story with a trained adult, is an effective	

approach. A number of studies show the benefits of programmes where trained teaching assistants have supported both oral language and early reading skills.

EEF Communication and Language Approaches

The WellComm toolkits were developed by Speech and Language Therapists at Sandwell and West Birmingham Hospitals NHS Trust with the aim of providing easy to use support for everyone involved with children.

Requiring no specialist expertise, they quickly identify areas of concern in language, communication, and interaction development in order to ensure early targeted intervention.

Once a profile has been drawn up for each child, The Big Book of Ideas provides focused teaching and intervention activities to meet individual needs.

Wellcomm Speech and Language

Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £59 986

ELSA £95 x 39 = £3705, Family Link Workers £46 081 (combined), Passion 4 Learning £2800, breakfast costs £5000, Claire Brierley £2400

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
ELSA	EEF (+4) Social and Emotional Learning — interventions which target social and emotional learning seek to improve pupil's interaction with others and self- management of emotions, rather than focusing directly on the academic or cognitive elements of learning. SEL interventions might focus on the ways in which students work with (and alongside) their peers, teachers, family and community. These include specialised programmes which are targeted at pupils with particular social or emotional needs. EEF Social and Emotional Learning	6, 8, 9, 10
Counsellor and psychotherapist Claire Brierley £2400	EEF (+4) Social and Emotional Learning — interventions which target social and emotional learning seek to improve pupil's interaction with others and self- management of emotions, rather than focusing directly on the academic or cognitive elements of learning. SEL interventions might focus on the ways in which students work with (and alongside) their peers, teachers, family and community. These include specialised programmes which are targeted at pupils with particular social or emotional needs. EEF Social and Emotional Learning	6, 8, 9, 10
Individual targets set for each identified pupil Analysis of punctuality and attendance	Pupils' attainment can only be improved if they are attending school. NFER briefing for school leaders identifies addressing attendance as a key step. As many as 1.8 million school age children in the UK are at risk of hunger in the morning. A hungry pupil cannot concentrate.	5, 6, 7

- Meet with parents and EWO of families identified
- Analyse attendance over time (including morning club) to identify PP pupils and evaluate improvements

Breakfast provided for all pupils to ensure all have access to a nutritious breakfast and to encourage pupils to arrive in good time for the start of lessons

Sutton Trust

Persistent absence is an immediate issue facing schools across the country.

According to the most recent data, almost one in four pupils missed more than 10 per cent of sessions in the autumn term of 2021, and 1.4 per cent of pupils missed at least 50 per cent of sessions.

We know these pupils are disproportionately more like to come from socio-economically disadvantaged backgrounds. So tackling persistent absence is an important part of improving education outcomes for this group.

EEF Improving Attendance for Disadvantaged Pupils

Family Link Worker to overcome and manage social and emotional barriers to learning

- Curriculum to be fully accessed and disruption/distraction in lessons to be limited because of use of self-help strategies and increased self-esteem of learners
- Guidance and support provided to parents/carers through targeted courses and meetings with Family Link Workers to develop further positive parenting

Passion for Learning to work with identified pupils

A large number of pupils have barriers to learning that impact on their self-esteem ad self-belief. Emotional well-being is key to supporting pupils' learning. Working with learning mentors on a regular basis has reduced the time spent out of class and prepared the pupils for better learning. This time has also proven invaluable for information sharing during CIN, TAF and CP meetings.

There are a large number of families open to outside agencies and accessing support. Time is spent supporting and guiding families.

Parents play a crucial role in supporting their children's learning, and levels of parental engagement are consistently associated with better academic outcomes. Evidence from our Teaching and Learning Toolkit suggests that effective parental engagement can lead to learning gains of +3 months over the course of a year.

EEF Working with Parents to Support Children's Learning

5, 6, 7, 9, 10

Financial support to ensure inclusion: pupils are supported financially in all educational trips and visits and subsidised residential visits

Studies of adventure learning consistently show positive benefits on academic learning and wider outcomes such as self-confidence. On average pupils who participate in adventure learning appear to make approximately an additional four months' progress.

7, 10, 11

Outdoor Adventure Learning

The overall impact of sports participation on academic achievement tends to be positive but low (about two additional months' progress). However, there is recent evidence from the UK that sports participation can have a larger effect on, for example, mathematics learning when combined with a structured numeracy programme (with one study showing an impact of up to ten months' additional progress).

Sports Participation

Total budgeted cost: £ 173, 795.00

Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2022 to 2023 academic year.

1) Disadvantaged pupils who are not on track to meet their age-related expectation by the end of KS2 will make accelerated progress. The gap between their expected attainment level and current attainment level will close.

KS2 SATs and end of year teacher assessments for 2022/23 suggest that the performance of disadvantaged pupils was largely in line with children without Pupil Premium in Reading. This means our new approach to whole class reading and use of additional intervention and resources such as Read Theory had a positive impact. The number of children with Pupil Premium who reached the expected level in Reading increased from 59% in 2021-22 to 81% in 2022-23. 69% of PP children made expected progress and 25% of children made more than expected progress in Reading.

The gap between Pupil Premium and non-PP remains in Writing. End of Key Stage data shows that the number of children with Pupil Premium who reached the expected level in Writing increased from 55% in 2021-22 to 75% in 2022-23. However, no Pupil Premium children achieved the Greater Depth standard compared with 3 PP pupils from 2021-22. 69% of PP children made expected progress and 25% of children made more than expected progress in Writing.

The gap between Pupil Premium and non-PP remains in Maths. End of Key Stage data shows that the number of children with Pupil Premium who reached the expected level in Maths increased from 55% in 2021-22 to 63% in 2022-23. 56% of PP children made expected progress and 31% of children made more than expected progress in Maths. 6% (one child) made less than expected progress.

2) Increase overlearning and reinforcement in reading and maths at home and school

The majority of children with Pupil Premium made more than expected progress in reading age across the year showing impact from the use of Whole Class Reading, Accelerated Reader and Read Theory.

Maths attainment: 57% of Pupil Premium children were assessed as working at the expected level at the end of the year in Maths. 25% were working Just Below and 11% were working below. 6% (5 pupils) had no data as they were new starters.

Maths progress: see below

3) Pupils access a wide range of interventions to meet their learning needs and gaps in knowledge

The children's learning needs were reviewed, analysed and addressed across the year so that PP pupils made at least expected progress or exceeded the targets set.

Maths – 76% of children made expected progress and 15% made more than expected progress from their starting points. 8 pupils made less than expected progress and these children will be identified to the next class teacher and needs analysed to ensure accelerated progress next year.

Writing - 81% of children made expected progress and 16% made more than expected progress from their starting points. 3 pupils made less than expected progress and these children will be identified to the next class teacher and needs analysed to ensure accelerated progress next year.

Reading - 83% of children made expected progress and 15% made more than expected progress from their starting points. 2 pupils made less than expected progress and these children will be identified to the next class teacher and needs analysed to ensure accelerated progress next year.

4) Achieve and sustain improved attendance and punctuality, particularly for those identified as disadvantaged

In 2021-22, attendance was 92.74% for non PP children, and 91.47% for PP children, so PP was 1.27% lower.

In 2022-23, attendance was 93.39% for non PP children, and 91.57% for PP children, so PP was 1.82% lower.

The attendance of persistently low attenders has generally improved with some children still identified as requiring further support. Weekly and half termly attendance checks undertaken by family link worker to compare children from the previous week in order to decide whether further strategies or intervention is appropriate. Each month, vulnerable groups are analysed including FSM, SEND, PP, LAC and Young Carers. Only one child is currently on an attendance plan (IAP).

5) Pupils access a wide range of enrichment experiences, both inside and outside of school

Across the year, children in Years 2, 4 and 6 attended residential visits.

No child was disadvantaged due to their PPG status. All children were given the opportunity to access all educational visits both in and out of school including workshops on offer for their respective year groups.

6) All children, including those eligible for pupil premium will be settled and secure in school.

Children with emotional needs have been supported by Family Link Workers as well as teaching and support staff throughout the year.

Reduction in incidents of dysregulation throughout school. Identified children are supported and school staff are in regular contact with parents to analyse needs and support appropriately. This has been evidenced in learning walks and school monitoring. Identified children have also been selected as 'key focus' children for all members of staff (changing weekly) to help these pupils feel safe and secure in school.

7) Disadvantaged learners identified as having the potential to be working at greater depth in Year 6 writing, will reach their potential.

No children with Pupil Premium achieved Greater Depth standard in Writing at the end of KS2 compared with 3 children the year before.

Y6 teacher has identified children who could be targeted for greater depth this year.

8) Disadvantaged learners will become more secure in mathematics in Year 2. The percentage of disadvantaged pupils working at the expected level in mathematics will increase from the current position.

Y2 2021-22 PP EXP was 50% in Maths (2 children recently joined our school so there was no data for them – they are also PP).

Y2 2022 – 23 PP EXP was 63% in Maths (2 children recently joined our school so there was no data for them – they are also PP).

There was an increase of 13% of PP children achieving the EXP standard from the previous year.

Externally provided programmes

Programme	Provider
Data analysis/demographic analysis/assessment	Insight £950
Forest School	Head Into the Wild £4675
	Gem Davies £4000
Times Table Rockstars	Times Table Rockstars £250
Curriculum resources	Kapow £350
	PlanBee £500
Aim	Outcome
Quality First Teaching, individualised preteaching, same day, targeted and challenge interventions with instant feedback to provide all children with the best chance to achieve their full potential.	We achieved: Same day interventions target gaps in learning from previous lessons- linked to basic skills in English and maths. Pre teaching interventions provide
	opportunities to rehearse skills in advance. Effective gap tasks and next steps that are reviewed.
	Half termly pupil progress meetings for all vulnerable groups (PP/ SEND/ EAL/ lower 20%) between pupil premium lead and teachers.
	High involvement with parents over course of the year – Reading Meetings EYFS and KS1, Parent Consultations, Showcase of work
Ensure that all school adults access high quality CPD. This will provide effective interventions, assessments mentoring,	In house training and support from senior members of staff and subject leaders. English and Phonics Leads: Pathways to
transitions and well-being support	Read, Little Wandle Phonics Assessments of pupils, Pupil progress meetings.
Ensure pupils are given equal opportunities	Learning walks/monitoring
to fully engage with the curriculum	Curriculum review
	Some trips and events are offered with no expectation of parents to pay. Some trips have a small cost.
Phonics and Early reading support in EYFS and KS1	Academic Mentor's time prioritised for disadvantaged pupils in EYFS and Year 1.

	Daily, 1:1 intervention seen to have greatest impact. Phonics rapid catch-up in KS1 and KS2
School led tutoring	Targeted support for disadvantaged pupils from Y2 – Y6. Focused on Maths with the aim of narrowing gaps in experience of disadvantaged pupils.
	Mental arithmetic and SPaG priority areas for Y6 groups.
Financial support to ensure inclusion	Pupils were financially supported in all educational trips and visits, including heavily subsidised residential visits.